

**PUBLIC DEFENDER CORPORATION
FOR THE TWELFTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT
A COMPONENT UNIT OF THE STATE OF WEST VIRGINIA**

**FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
WITH ADDITIONAL INFORMATION**

**YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 AND 2009
WITH
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT**

PUBLIC DEFENDER CORPORATION
FOR THE TWELFTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT
YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 AND 2009

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CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Honorable Members of the Board
Public Defender Corporation
for the Twelfth Judicial Circuit
Fayetteville, West Virginia

We have audited the basic financial statements of the Public Defender Corporation for the Twelfth Judicial Circuit (the "Corporation"), a component unit of the State of West Virginia as of and for the years ended, June 30, 2010 and 2009, as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Corporation's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Corporation's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and the significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Corporation as of June 30, 2010 and 2009, and the changes in the financial position and its cash flows for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The management's discussion and analysis on pages 5 through 7 is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. This supplementary information is the responsibility of the Corporation's management. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the supplementary information. However, we did not audit such information and we do not express an opinion on it.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 1, 2010, on our consideration of the Corporation's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Suttle & Stalnaker, PLLC
Charleston, West Virginia
September 1, 2010

**PUBLIC DEFENDER CORPORATION
FOR THE TWELFTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS
YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 AND 2009**

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This discussion and analysis of the Public Defender Corporation of the Twelfth Judicial Circuit of the State of West Virginia financial performance provides an overview of the Corporation's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010 and 2009, and identifies changes in the Corporation's financial position.

Overview of Basic Financial Statements

These statements are in two parts - *management's discussion and analysis* (this section) and the *basic financial statements*. The Corporation's financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting and are reported in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. These statements include the *statement of net assets*, the *statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net assets*, the *statement of cash flows* and the notes to the financial statements.

The *statement of net assets* presents the Corporation's assets, liabilities and net assets as of the financial statements date. Through this presentation one can decipher the health of the Corporation by taking the difference between the assets and liabilities. An increase or decrease in the Corporation's net assets from one year to the next is an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net assets* reports revenues and expenses when earned or incurred. This means that all of the current year's revenues and expenses are included regardless of when cash is paid or received, thus providing a view of financial position that is similar to that presented by most private-sector companies. This statement summarizes the cost of providing legal defense services to those individuals charged with a violation of the law but who cannot afford an attorney to defend themselves or to represent indigent persons or juveniles and mental hygiene cases as appointed by the court.

Financial Analysis of the Corporation

	<u>2010</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2008</u>
Assets			
Capital assets	\$ 3,935	\$ 5,168	\$ 8,458
Other assets	<u>173,410</u>	<u>145,773</u>	<u>105,199</u>
Total assets	<u><u>\$ 177,345</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 150,941</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 113,657</u></u>
Liabilities			
Long-term liabilities	\$ 65,292	\$ 19,006	\$ 6,935
Short-term liabilities	<u>52,764</u>	<u>66,498</u>	<u>37,085</u>
Total liabilities	<u><u>118,056</u></u>	<u><u>85,504</u></u>	<u><u>44,020</u></u>
Net Assets			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	3,935	5,168	8,458
Unrestricted	<u>55,354</u>	<u>60,269</u>	<u>61,179</u>
Total liabilities and net assets	<u><u>\$ 177,345</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 150,941</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 113,657</u></u>

**PUBLIC DEFENDER CORPORATION
FOR THE TWELFTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS
YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 AND 2009**

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The Corporation's revenues are primarily derived from funding from West Virginia Public Defender Services (WVPDS) and accordingly 99% of the Corporation's revenues were derived from this funding for the years ended June 30, 2010, 2009 and 2008.

	<u>2010</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2008</u>
Operating revenue	\$ 533,541	\$ 506,143	\$ 437,636
Operating expenses	<u>540,514</u>	<u>510,895</u>	<u>505,716</u>
Operating gain (loss)	(6,973)	(4,752)	(68,080)
Nonoperating revenue	825	552	6,368
Change in net assets	(6,148)	(4,200)	(61,712)
Net assets at beginning of year	65,437	69,637	131,349
Net assets at end of year	<u>\$ 59,289</u>	<u>\$ 65,437</u>	<u>\$ 69,637</u>

Detailed Financial Analysis of the Corporation

Cash held by the Corporation increased by approximately \$28,000 due to unexpended funds not used to pay the other post employment benefit liability. Accrued liabilities decreased by approximately \$9,000 due to the timing of year end payroll tax payments. Other post employment benefit liability, included in long-term liability, increased by approximately \$46,000 due to an increase in the rate charged by the Retiree Health Benefit Trust (RHBT) fund and a reduction in the amount of contribution of on-behalf revenue by the State of West Virginia. All other assets and liabilities remained consistent with the two prior periods.

Operating expenses for the fiscal year increased by approximatley \$30,000. This increase is attributable to an increase in employee benefits expense of approximately \$34,000. This increase is due to an increase in the rate charged by the RHBT trust fund for other post employment benefits from the previous year. All other expenses remained consistent to the prior fiscal year.

Operating revenues for the fiscal year increased by approximately \$27,000 as a result of increased grant revenue from the WVPDS.

Capital Asset and Debt Activity

As of June 30, 2010, 2009 and 2008, the Corporation had capital assets amounting to approximately \$67,000, \$67,000 and \$67,000, respectively. The Corporation's capital assets include furniture and fixtures and computer equipment. The assets were being depreciated over useful lives of three to ten years. The accumulated depreciation on the assets amounted to approximately \$63,000, \$61,000 and \$58,000, respectively. There were no disposals during the current year.

Purchases of capital assets for the years ended June 30, 2010, 2009 and 2008 totaled \$-0-.

PUBLIC DEFENDER CORPORATION
FOR THE TWELFTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS
YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 AND 2009

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The Corporation has no long term debt obligations other than the other post employment benefit liability. More detailed information is presented in the notes to the financial statements.

Cash Management

The Corporation's funds are deposited into a checking account at a national banking institution. This account earned interest at a rate of approximately 0.50% for the years ended June 30, 2010, 2009 and 2008, respectively. Interest earned on the account for the years ended June 30, 2010, 2009 and 2008 was approximately \$830, \$550 and \$580, respectively.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget

The West Virginia Public Defender Services, the Corporation's oversight agency, looked at various factors when approving the budget for the year ending June 30, 2011. Such factors considered include: the Corporation's case load in comparison to the number of professional and nonprofessional staff, the type, amount and rate of employee benefits, the anticipation of large or unusual cases which require additional resources, capital needs, as well as the operating environment and its operation needs.

For the year ending June 30, 2011, the Corporation has an approved budget of \$566,917. This represents a budget increase of approximately \$33,000 from the prior year. This increase is attributable to salary increases and an increase in the rate charged by the RHBT Fund for other post employment benefit liability. All other budgeted items are within a reasonable amount to the prior year.

Requests for information

The financial report is designed to provide an overview of the finances of the Corporation for those with an interest in the organization. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or request for additional financial information should be addressed to the Corporation at P.O. Box 239, 102 Fayette Avenue, Fayetteville, WV 25840.

**PUBLIC DEFENDER CORPORATION
FOR THE TWELFTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT
STATEMENTS OF NET ASSETS
JUNE 30, 2010 AND 2009**

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	<u>2010</u>	<u>2009</u>
ASSETS		
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 170,877	\$ 143,240
Prepaid expenses	2,533	2,533
Total current assets	<u>173,410</u>	<u>145,773</u>
Capital assets		
Furniture and fixtures	20,280	20,280
Computer equipment	46,348	46,348
	<u>66,628</u>	<u>66,628</u>
Less accumulated depreciation	(62,693)	(61,460)
Capital assets, net	<u>3,935</u>	<u>5,168</u>
Total assets	<u>177,345</u>	<u>150,941</u>
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities		
Accrued liabilities	8,954	18,131
Compensated absences	43,810	48,367
	<u>52,764</u>	<u>66,498</u>
Long term liabilities		
Other post employment benefit liability	<u>65,292</u>	<u>19,006</u>
Total liabilities	<u>118,056</u>	<u>85,504</u>
Net assets		
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	3,935	5,168
Unrestricted	<u>55,354</u>	<u>60,269</u>
Total net assets	<u>\$ 59,289</u>	<u>\$ 65,437</u>

**PUBLIC DEFENDER CORPORATION
FOR THE TWELFTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT
STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS
YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 AND 2009**

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	<u>2010</u>	<u>2009</u>
Operating revenues		
West Virginia Public Defender Services Grant Revenue	\$ 533,541	\$ 506,017
Other income	<u>-</u>	<u>126</u>
 Total operating revenues	 <u>533,541</u>	 <u>506,143</u>
Operating expenses		
Personal services	314,637	327,617
Employee benefits	150,945	116,653
Support services	22,327	9,322
Administrative support	7,596	7,758
Office	41,057	41,158
Other	289	2,380
Acquisitions	2,430	2,717
Depreciation	<u>1,233</u>	<u>3,290</u>
 Total operating expenses	 <u>540,514</u>	 <u>510,895</u>
 Operating gain (loss)	 (6,973)	 (4,752)
Nonoperating revenues		
Interest income	<u>825</u>	<u>552</u>
 CHANGE IN NET ASSETS	 (6,148)	 (4,200)
 Net assets, beginning of year	 <u>65,437</u>	 <u>69,637</u>
 Net assets, end of year	 <u>\$ 59,289</u>	 <u>\$ 65,437</u>

**PUBLIC DEFENDER CORPORATION
FOR THE TWELFTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT
STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 AND 2009**

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	<u>2010</u>	<u>2009</u>
Cash flows from operating activities		
Cash received from grants	\$ 533,541	\$ 506,017
Cash received from other income	-	126
Cash paid for expenses	(506,729)	(466,524)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	<u>26,812</u>	<u>39,619</u>
Cash flows from investing activities		
Interest income received	825	552
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	<u>825</u>	<u>552</u>
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	27,637	40,171
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	<u>143,240</u>	<u>103,069</u>
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	<u>\$ 170,877</u>	<u>\$ 143,240</u>
Reconciliation of operating gain (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:		
Operating gain (loss)	\$ (6,973)	\$ (4,752)
Adjustments:		
Depreciation	1,233	3,290
(Increase) decrease in operating assets		
Other current assets	-	(403)
Increase (decrease) in operating liabilities		
Accrued liabilities	(9,177)	9,877
Compensated absences	(4,557)	19,536
Other post employment benefit liability	<u>46,286</u>	<u>12,071</u>
Total adjustments	<u>33,785</u>	<u>44,371</u>
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	<u>\$ 26,812</u>	<u>\$ 39,619</u>

PUBLIC DEFENDER CORPORATION
FOR THE TWELFTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 AND 2009

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NOTE 1 - ORGANIZATION

The Public Defender Corporation for the Twelfth Judicial Circuit (the ‘Corporation’) is a not-for-profit Corporation created under authority of Article 21, Chapter 29 of the West Virginia State Code. The Corporation is a discretely presented component unit of the State of West Virginia and is funded by West Virginia Public Defender Services. The purpose of the Corporation is to provide high quality legal assistance to indigent persons, at no cost, who would be otherwise unable to afford adequate legal counsel.

Approximately 73% of the Corporation's revenues are utilized for program related purposes and 27% are for management and general purposes.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Corporation have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (“GASB”), including Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements - and Management’s Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments*. The financial statement presentation required by GASB Statements No. 34 provides a comprehensive, entity-wide perspective of the Corporation’s assets, liabilities, net assets, revenues, expenses, changes in net assets and cash flows.

The Corporation follows all GASB pronouncements as well as Financial Accounting Standards Board (“FASB”) Statements and Interpretations, Accounting Principles Board Opinions and Accounting Research Bulletins issued on or before November 30, 1989, and has elected not to apply the FASB Statements and Interpretations issued after November 30, 1989, to its financial statements.

Reporting Entity

The Corporation is a component unit of the State of West Virginia and is funded by West Virginia Public Defender Services. The West Virginia Public Defender Services is a part of the general fund of the state’s comprehensive annual financial report. The Corporation is a separate entity and is considered a discretely presented component unit of the State of West Virginia.

PUBLIC DEFENDER CORPORATION
FOR THE TWELFTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 AND 2009

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NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Financial Statement Presentation

As required by GASB 34, the Corporation displays net assets in three components, if applicable: invested in capital assets, net of related debt; restricted, and unrestricted:

Invested in capital assets, net of related debt

This represents the Corporation's total investment in capital assets, net of outstanding debt obligations related to those capital assets. To the extent debt has been incurred but not yet expended for capital assets, such amounts are not included as a component of invested in capital assets, net of related debt.

Restricted net assets

Restricted net assets are assets whose use or availability has been restricted and the restrictions limit the Corporation's ability to use the resources to pay current liabilities. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Corporation's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as needed.

Unrestricted net assets

Unrestricted net assets represent resources derived from state appropriations. These resources are used for transactions relating to the providing of legal assistance to indigent persons, at no cost, who would otherwise be unable to afford adequate legal counsel, and may be used at the discretion of the board of directors to meet current expenses for any purposes.

Basis of Accounting

For financial reporting purposes, the Corporation is considered a special-purpose government engaged only in business-type activities. Accordingly, the Corporation's financial statements have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting with a flow of economic resources measurement focus. Revenues are reported when earned and expenses when materials or services are received.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statement of net assets, the Corporation considers all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

PUBLIC DEFENDER CORPORATION
FOR THE TWELFTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 AND 2009

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NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Capital Assets

Capital assets include furniture and fixtures and computer software. Capital assets are stated at cost at the date of acquisition or construction, or fair market value at the date of donation in the case of gifts. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets, generally 3 to 10 years. The Corporation's capitalization threshold is \$1,000. Depreciation expense for the years ended June 30, 2010 and 2009 was \$1,233 and \$3,290, respectively.

Compensated Absences and Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB)

Effective July 1, 2007, The Corporation adopted GASB Statement No. 45, *Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions*. This statement provided standards for the measurement, recognition, and display of other postemployment benefit ("OPEB") expenditures, assets, and liabilities, including applicable note disclosures and required supplementary information. During fiscal year 2006, House Bill No. 4654 was established to create a trust fund for postemployment benefits for the State of West Virginia (the "State"). Effective July 1, 2007, the Corporation was required to participate in this multiple employer cost-sharing plan, the West Virginia Retiree Health Benefit Trust Fund, sponsored by the State of West Virginia. The Plan provides the following retiree group insurance coverage to participants: medical and prescription drug coverage through a self-insured preferred provider benefit (PPB) plan and through external managed care organizations (MCOs), basic group life, accidental death, and prescription drug coverage for retired employees of the State and various related State and non-State agencies and their dependents. Details regarding this plan can be obtained by contacting Public Employees Insurance Agency ("PEIA"), State Capitol Complex, Building 5, Room 1001, 1900 Kanawha Boulevard, East, Charleston WV 25305-0710 or <http://www.wvpeia.com>.

This statement requires entities to accrue for employees' rights to receive compensation for vacation leave, or payments in lieu of accrued vacation or sick leave, as such benefits are earned and payment becomes probable.

PUBLIC DEFENDER CORPORATION
FOR THE TWELFTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 AND 2009

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NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Estimated obligations arise for vacation leave at the current rate of employee pay. Employees vest an unlimited accumulation of unused vacation leave which is paid at the time of separation from employment. Full-time employees also earn 18 sick days per year of service with an unlimited maximum accumulation for any fiscal year period. The Corporation does not accrue any liability for sick leave because no amount is paid at the time of separation of employment. The liability is now provided for under the multiple employer cost-sharing plan sponsored by the State.

The estimated expense and expense incurred for the vacation leave and OPEB benefits are recorded as a component of employee benefits on the statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net assets. OPEB costs are accrued based upon invoices received from RHBT Trust Fund based upon actuarially determined amounts. At June 30, 2010 and 2009, the noncurrent liability related to OPEB cost was \$65,292 and \$19,006. The total OPEB expense incurred was \$55,537 and \$20,964, respectively, which is included as a component of employee benefit expense. As of the years ended June 30, 2010 and 2009, there were no retirees receiving these benefits.

Risk Management

The State's Board of Risk and Insurance Management ("BRIM") provides general, property and casualty, and liability coverage to the Corporation and its employees. Such coverage may be provided to the Corporation by BRIM through self-insurance programs maintained by BRIM or policies underwritten by BRIM that may involve experience-related premiums or adjustments to BRIM.

BRIM engages an independent actuary to assist in the determination of its premiums so as to minimize the likelihood of premium adjustments to the Corporation or other participants in BRIM's insurance programs. As a result, management does not expect significant differences between the premiums the Corporation is currently charged by BRIM and the ultimate cost of that insurance based on the Corporation's actual loss experience. In the event such differences arise between estimated premiums currently charged by BRIM to the Corporation and the Corporation's ultimate actual loss experience, the difference will be recorded, as the change in estimate becomes known.

In addition, through its participation in the West Virginia Public Employees Insurance Agency (PEIA) and a third-party insurer, the Corporation has obtained health, life, prescription drug coverage, and coverage for job related injuries for its employees. In exchange for payment of premiums to PEIA and the third-party insurer, the Corporation has transferred its risks related to health, life, prescription drug coverage, and job related injuries.

PUBLIC DEFENDER CORPORATION
FOR THE TWELFTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 AND 2009

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NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

West Virginia had a single private insurance company, BrickStreet Insurance, which provided workers' compensation coverage to all employers in the state. Other private insurance companies began to offer coverage to private-sector employers July 1, 2008 and can begin to offer coverage to government employers beginning July 1, 2010. Nearly every employer in the State, who has a payroll must have coverage. The cost of all coverage is paid by the employers. BrickStreet retains the risk related to the compensation of injured employees under the program.

The Corporation has classified its revenues according to the following criteria:

- Operating revenues - Operating revenues include activities that have the characteristics of exchange transactions, such as most federal, state, local, and nongovernmental grants and contracts.
- Nonoperating revenues - Nonoperating revenues include activities that have the characteristics of non-exchange transactions, such as gifts and contributions, and other revenues that are defined as nonoperating revenues by GASB Statement No. 9, Reporting Cash Flows of Proprietary and Nonexpendable Trust Funds and Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting and GASB Statement No. 34, such as state appropriations and investment income.

Income Taxes

The Corporation is exempt from income taxes under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Corporation is classified by the Internal Revenue Service as an other than a private foundation.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

**PUBLIC DEFENDER CORPORATION
FOR THE TWELFTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
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NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Subsequent Events

In preparing these financial statements, the Organization has evaluated events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure through September 1, 2010, the date the financial statements were issued.

NOTE 3 - CAPITAL ASSETS

The following is a summary of capital asset transactions for the Corporation for the years ended June 30, 2010 and 2009:

	2010			
	<u>Beginning Balance</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Reductions</u>	<u>Ending Balance</u>
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Computer equipment	\$ 46,348	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 46,348
Furniture and fixtures	<u>20,280</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>20,280</u>
Total capital assets	<u>66,628</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>66,628</u>
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Computer equipment	(43,564)	(802)	-	(44,366)
Furniture and fixtures	<u>(17,896)</u>	<u>(431)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(18,327)</u>
Total accumulated depreciation	<u>(61,460)</u>	<u>(1,233)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(62,693)</u>
Capital assets, net	<u>\$ 5,168</u>	<u>\$ (1,233)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 3,935</u>
	2009			
	<u>Beginning Balance</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Reductions</u>	<u>Ending Balance</u>
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Computer equipment	\$ 46,348	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 46,348
Furniture and fixtures	<u>20,280</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>20,280</u>
Total capital assets	<u>66,628</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>66,628</u>
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Computer equipment	(40,705)	(2,859)	-	(43,564)
Furniture and fixtures	<u>(17,465)</u>	<u>(431)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(17,896)</u>
Total accumulated depreciation	<u>(58,170)</u>	<u>(3,290)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(61,460)</u>
Capital assets, net	<u>\$ 8,458</u>	<u>\$ (3,290)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 5,168</u>

PUBLIC DEFENDER CORPORATION
FOR THE TWELFTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 AND 2009

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NOTE 4 - DEFINED CONTRIBUTION RETIREMENT PLAN

The Corporation contributes to the West Virginia Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the West Virginia Consolidated Public Retirement Board. Chapter 5, Article 10 of the West Virginia State Code assigns the authority to establish and amend benefits provisions to the PERS Board of Trustees. Employees who retire at or after age 60 with five or more years of contributory service or who retire at or after age 55 and have completed 25 years of credited service are eligible for retirement benefits as established by State statute. Retirement benefits are payable monthly for life, in the form of a straight-line annuity equal to two percent of the employee's final average salary multiplied by the number of years of the employee's credited service at the time of retirement. PERS also provides deferred retirement, early retirement, death and disability benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The West Virginia Consolidated Public Retirement Board issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for PERS. That report may be obtained by writing to the West Virginia Consolidated Public Retirement Board, 1900 Kanawha Boulevard East, Building Five, Charleston, West Virginia 25305 or by calling (304) 558-3570.

FUNDING POLICY - The PERS funding policy has been established by action of the State Legislature. State statute requires that plan participants contribute 4.5% of compensation. The current combined contribution rate is 15.5% of annual covered payroll, including the Corporation's contribution of 11% which is established by PERS. Effective July 1, 2010, an increase in the contribution rate of 1.5% will raise the Corporation's contribution rate to 12.5%. Total contributions to PERS for the years ended June 30, 2010, 2009, and 2008 were \$49,336, \$62,233 and \$46,517 respectively, which consisted of \$35,013, \$43,563 and \$32,562 from the Corporation and \$14,323, \$18,670 and \$13,955 from the covered employees, respectively.

Under the Plan guidelines, if an employee is hired by the Corporation and joins the Plan after they have been previously employed by another state agency, this employee has the ability to make a retroactive purchase of prior service time or "buy-back." Under the current contract with the West Virginia Public Defender Services office of the State of West Virginia, the Corporation will only fund the employer portion of such buy-backs on a case by case scenario after consideration by the West Virginia Public Defender Services. West Virginia Public Defender Services expressly declines to purchase retroactive service credit. For the years ended June 30, 2010 and 2009, the Corporation did not authorize the employer portion of any buy-backs for Plan participants.

**PUBLIC DEFENDER CORPORATION
FOR THE TWELFTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 AND 2009**

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NOTE 5 - CONCENTRATIONS

The Corporation maintains its account balance in one account at a local financial institution. The account is insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation up to \$250,000. The Corporation's bank balance at June 30, 2010 and 2009 was \$183,111 and \$156,071, respectively.

The Corporation receives virtually all of its funding from West Virginia Public Defender Services. A significant reduction in this level of support would have a significant adverse effect on the Corporation.

NOTE 6 - LONG TERM LIABILITIES

The following is a summary of long-term obligation transactions for the Corporation for the year ended June 30, 2010 and 2009:

	2010				
	<u>Beginning Balance</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Reductions</u>	<u>Ending Balance</u>	<u>Current Portion</u>
Long term liabilities:					
Other post employment benefit liability	\$ 19,006	\$ 55,537	\$ 9,251	\$ 65,292	\$ -
Compensated absences	<u>48,367</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>4,557</u>	<u>43,810</u>	<u>43,810</u>
Total long term liabilities	<u><u>\$ 67,373</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 55,537</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 13,808</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 109,102</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 43,810</u></u>
	2009				
	<u>Beginning Balance</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Reductions</u>	<u>Ending Balance</u>	<u>Current Portion</u>
Long term liabilities:					
Other post employment benefit liability	\$ 6,935	\$ 20,964	\$ 8,893	\$ 19,006	\$ -
Compensated absences	<u>28,831</u>	<u>19,536</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>48,367</u>	<u>48,367</u>
Total long term liabilities	<u><u>\$ 35,766</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 40,500</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 8,893</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 67,373</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 48,367</u></u>

PUBLIC DEFENDER CORPORATION
FOR THE TWELFTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2010 AND 2009

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NOTE 7 - OPERATING LEASE OBLIGATIONS

The Corporation leases various equipment and facilities under operating lease agreements. Aggregate payments under these agreements were \$23,581 and \$23,447 for the year ended June 30, 2010 and 2009. Future minimum rental commitments are as follows:

<u>Year ended June 30,</u>	<u>Amount</u>
2011	\$ 21,796
2012	<u>1,800</u>
Total	<u><u>\$ 23,596</u></u>

NOTE 8 - CONTINGENCIES

The Corporation is on a reimbursement plan with the State of West Virginia, Workforce WV, Unemployment Compensation Division, (Workforce) whereby they no longer pay quarterly premiums. When a liability arises regarding the payment of unemployment, the Corporation will be assessed 100% of the awarded claim filed and payment to Workforce would be made at that time. Any liability arising from the dismissal of employment is uncertain at this time; however, management believes such amounts if any, to be immaterial.

The Corporation's programs are funded from state sources, principal of which is programs of the West Virginia Public Defender Services. State grants received for specific purposes are subject to audit and review by grantor agencies. Such audits and reviews could result in requests for reimbursements to grantor agencies for expenditures disallowed under the terms of the grants. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by grantor agencies cannot be determined at this time, although management believes such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

NOTE 9 - CASH HELD AT FISCAL YEAR END

At June 30, 2010 and 2009, the Corporation held cash and cash equivalents of \$170,877 and \$143,240, respectively, consisting of unexpended West Virginia Public Defender Service grant funds. West Virginia Public Defender Services considered this amount in determining the appropriate level of disbursements in the succeeding fiscal year necessary to fund the Corporation's normal operating activities.



**INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL
REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT
OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH
*GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS***

Honorable Members of the Board
 Public Defender Corporation
 for the Twelfth Judicial Circuit
 Fayetteville, West Virginia

We have audited the basic financial statements of the Public Defender Corporation for the Twelfth Judicial Circuit (the "Corporation") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010, and have issued our report thereon dated September 1, 2010. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Corporation's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Corporation's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Corporation's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Corporation's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain matters that we have reported to management of the Corporation in a separate letter dated September 1, 2010.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Public Defender Corporation for the Twelfth Judicial Circuit Board of Directors, management of the Corporation, West Virginia Public Defender Corporation, federal and state awarding agencies, and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than those specified parties.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Settle & Stalnaker, PLLC".

Charleston, West Virginia
September 1, 2010

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION



CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT
ON ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Honorable Members of the Board
Public Defender Corporation
for the Twelfth Judicial Circuit
Fayetteville, West Virginia

Our report on our audit of the basic financial statements of the Public Defender Corporation for the Twelfth Judicial Circuit for the year ended June 30, 2010 appears on pages 3 and 4. That audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The schedule of budget to actual expenses - cash basis is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Suttle & Stalnaker, PCP
Charleston, West Virginia
September 1, 2010

PUBLIC DEFENDER CORPORATION
 FOR THE TWELFTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT
 SCHEDULE OF BUDGET TO ACTUAL EXPENSES - CASH BASIS
 YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

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	<u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Under/(Over) Budget to <u>Actual</u>
Personal services	\$ 320,550	\$ 319,194	\$ 1,356
Employee benefits	109,316	113,836	(4,520)
Support services	29,200	22,327	6,873
Administrative services	16,680	7,596	9,084
Office	50,000	41,057	8,943
Other	3,800	289	3,511
Acquisitions	<u>4,000</u>	<u>2,430</u>	<u>1,570</u>
 Total	 <u>\$ 533,546</u>	 <u>\$ 506,729</u>	 <u>\$ 26,817</u>